# Green Power Development and Energy Efficiency Improvement Investment Program (Tranche-1) - 2018

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The audit of financial statements of the Green Power Development and Energy Efficiency Improvement Investment Program (Tranche-1) for the year ended 31 December 2018 was carried out under my direction in pursuance of provisions in Article 154(1) of the Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka read in conjunction with Section 2.09 (a) of Article II of the Project Agreement No. SRI 47037 dated 20 November 2014 entered into between the Asian Development Bank and the Ceylon Electricity Board. My comment and observation which consider should be reported to the Parliament appear in this report.

### **1.2** Implementation, Objectives, Funding and Duration of the Program

According to the Facility Administration Manual of the Program, the Ministry of Power, Energy and Business Development is the Executing Agency and the Ceylon Electricity Board is the Implementing Agency of the Program. The objective of the Program is to enhance clean power generation, system efficiency and reliability. As per the Project Administration Manual, the estimated total cost of the Project was US\$ 220 million equivalent to Rs.28,509.80 million and out of that US\$ 180 million equivalent to Rs.23,325.50 million was agreed to be financed by the Asian Development Bank. The balance amount of Rs.5,183.60 million is expected to be financed by the Ceylon Electricity Board. The Program commenced its activities on 02 February 2015 and scheduled to be completed by 30 September 2019.

#### **1.3 Qualified Opinion**

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in the Table 2.1 of my report, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Program as at 31 December 2018, financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards.

# 1.4 Basis for Qualified Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). My responsibilities, under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

# **1.5** Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards and for such internal control as management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Program ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going

concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intend to liquidate the Program or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Program's financial reporting process.

The Program is required to maintain proper books and records of all its income, expenditure, assets and liabilities, to enable annual and periodic financial statements to be prepared by the Program.

### **1.6** Auditor's Responsibilities for the audit of the Financial Statements

My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control of the Program.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

# 2. Comments on Financial Statements

#### 2.1 **Accounting Deficiency Accounting Deficiency** Impact **Response of the** Recommendation Management The proceeds amounting Understatement of Proceeds of Action need to be to Rs. 1,924 million disbursed as at the balance of the disbursement received taken to reconcile the 31 December 2018 shown in the Loan. on Morogolla Hydro proceeds of the Loan Power Project had not utilized records of the Department of with the External Resources been accounted. was not records of agreed with the disbursements Department of amounting to Rs.1,888 million External Resources. shown in the financial statements of the Program.

#### 2.2 Non-compliance with Laws, Rules and Regulations

The following observations are made.

	Reference to the	Non- compliance	Impact	Management	Auditor's
	Laws, Rules and	L L		Response	Recommendations
	Regulations			L	
(a)	Circular No. MOFP/ERD/2007/0 2 dated on 07 August 2007 of the Ministry of Finance and Planning.	The financial statements of the Program should be submitted to the Auditor General on or before 31 March of each financial year. However, financial statements of the program had been submitted only on 15 May 2019.	requirements stipulated in the Circular	statements of the	Need to adhere with circular instructions.
(b)	Section 2.09 (a) of the Project Agreement	No separate Ledger Accounts had been maintained by the Ceylon Electricity Board to record the transactions of the program.	controls on financial	theCeylonElectricityBoardkeepsrecordsrelatedto	Board to record the transactions of the

(c)	Financial regulation 134(3) and Management Audit Circular No.05 of 26 July 2010.	The transactions of the Program had not been subjected to audit of the Internal Audit Section of the Ceylon Electricity Board.	Control systems		The operations of the Program need to be reviewed by the Internal Audit Section in continuous manner to assure the efficiency and effectiveness of the operations of the Program.
(d)	Public Enterprise circular No. PED 03/2016 of 29 April 2016.	The Program had paid the Pay As You Earn tax and tax on tax of Rs.34.77 million from its owned fund without deducting it from the salaries of the respective employees during the period under review.		The PAYE Tax liability of the employees of the Ceylon Electricity Board had been borne by the Ceylon Electricity Board.	PAYE tax should be recovered from gross salaries of the employees.

### 3. Physical Performance

#### 3.1 Physical and Financial Progress of the activities of the Program

The activities of the Program comprised with 05 parts and the supervision and monitoring of the activities of such parts of the Program were remained under the purview of the Divisional Heads of the Ceylon Electricity Board. The following observations are made thereon.

	Component	Audit Issue	Impact	<b>Response of the</b>	Auditor's
				Management	Recommendation
(a)	Hydropower Generation	Eventhough the consultancy contract awarded to review the bidding documents for the construction of the Hydropower Plant at Moragolla to enhance the hydropower electricity generation capacity had been completed on 27 December 2017, the construction works of the Hydropower Plant and providing of mechanical and electrical facilities thereon etc had remained at the initial	Long term Least cost Power Generation Plan may not be	appointing of Consultants, approvals from the other	Program need to be implemented according to the Action Plan to avoid imposing of commitment charges and achieve the objectives of the

stages even as at 31 December 2018.

- Enhanced The physical progress of the (b) Transmissio construction works of Grid Substation at Kappaiturai and n augmentation Grid Infrastructur of e Capacity Substations at Kerawalapitiya, Katunayaka and Trincomalee to enhance the capacity of electricity transmission infrastructure had remained slow at 75 per cent even after lapse of 04 years of the commencement of the activities of the Program.
- (c) Efficiency The physical progress of works Medium under the installation high Voltage tension electricity lines of Network 57 kilometers of Batticoloa district and 20 kilometes in Kurunegala district and construction works of gantries at Vaunathive and Madampe to improve the efficiency of medium voltage network had remained at 93.30 per cent as at 31 December 2018.
- Pilot (d) Demand Smart Metering The Side Project expected to be implemented under the Management for Energy Component of Demand Side Efficiency Management for Energy Efficiency Improvements was completed not as at 31 December 2018 even after lapse of 04 months from the scheduled date.

-Do-The progress of -Do-Vavunathive Lines is affected by legal disputes Tower on locations which are beyond the control of Ceylon Electricity Board.

Not commented

-Do - .

-Do-

Commitment fee will be charged for the undisbursed balance.

-Do -

Not commented.

### 3.2 Contract Administration

#### Audit Issue

### Impact

The supervision and monitoring of the above mentioned 05 parts of the program were remained under the purview of various Divisional Heads of the Ceylon Electricity Board instead of the Additional General Manager (Projects) who is responsible for the supervision of all donor funded projects handled by the Ceylon Electricity Board. The supervision and monitoring mechanism was remained weaken and shown slow progress on completion of the activities of the program.

### Response of the Management

As per Board decision on 25 2010, August Additional General Manager (Projects) is responsible to execute only Transmission and Generation projects except the rehabilitation of projects.

# Auditor's Recommendations

Need to appoint an officer of senior management responsible for overall supervision and monitoring of the activities of the program.