Local Development Support Project - 2022

The audit of financial statements of the Local Development Support Project for the year ended 31 December 2022 was carried out under my direction in pursuance of provisions in Article 154(1) of the Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka read in conjunction with Article 4.2 of schedule 01 of the Loan Agreement No. 6371-LK dated 14 May 2019 entered into between the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka and the International Development Association. My comments and observations which I consider should be reported to Parliament appear in this report

1.2 Implementation, Objectives, Funding and Duration of the Project

According to the Loan Agreement of the Project, the Ministry of Public Administration, Home Affairs, Provincial Councils and Local Government is the Execution Agency and Provincial Councils of 04 Provinces are the Implementation Agencies of the Project. The objectives of the project are to Strengthening Local Government Authorities capabilities to deliver service to communities in a responsive and accountable manner and to support economic infrastructure development participating provinces. As per Loan and Grant Agreements, the estimated total cost of the project was US\$ 100.65 million equivalent to Rs.17,665.63 million and out of that US\$ 70 million equivalent to Rs.12,222.41 million was agreed to be financed by International Development Association. The balance amount of US\$ 23.65 million equivalent to Rs.4,220.98 million was agreed to be financed by the European Union. The Project had commenced its activities on 30 June 2019 and scheduled to be completed by 30 December 2022.

1.3 Opinion

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Project as at 31 December 2022, statement of expenditure and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards.

1.4 Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). My responsibilities, under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

1.5 Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Project's financial reporting process.

1.6 Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control of the project.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

2. Comments on Financial Statements

2.1 Non -Compliance with Laws, Rules and Regulations

No	Reference to the Law, Rules and Regulations	Non-Compliances	Responses of the Management	Auditor's Recommendations
(a)	Para 2.3.3 (C) of Management Service Circular No. 01/2019 of 05 March 2019		Director has been instructed to find whether the Chief	contrary to circular
(b)	Para 9.30f Management Service Circular No 01/2019 of 05 March 2019	0		The meetings of the Project Steering Committees required to be held regularly.
3.	Physical Performance			
3.1	Physical Progress of the Activities of the Project			
	Audit Issue	Response of the Auditor Management		's Recommendation

No comments have

been given

Even though 80 subprojects in four provinces which estimated cost amounting Rs.1, 614 million had to be completed by 31[,] December 2022, the physical progress was between 20 per cent to 95 per cent.

The project should influence the contractor to complete the civil works promptly assuring the required level of quality.

3.2 Uncompleted Consultancy Work

period.

Audit Issue	Response of the Management	Auditor's Recommendation
Four consultants were appointed for Completing works on Capacity building, Monitoring and evaluation, Economic infrastructure development in Northern and Eastern provinces and Economic infrastructure development in Uva and North Central provinces on or before 10 January 2020 and the part payment of Rs.3.7 million had been made during the year under review. However, any benefit had not been derived from the above mentioned consultancy work which had not been completed in due	•	Action should be taken to recover the payment.

3.3 Extraneous Activities/Payments made out of the Project objectives

No	Audit Issue	Response of the Management	Auditor's Recommendation
(a)	Part payment of Rs.6.47 million had been made to four individual consultants on Procurement and Technical, Public Finance Management, Facilitator for Local Authority Participatory Development Plan and Environmental & Social Safeguard who were appointed to complete project preparatory work before commencing project activities. However the above expenditure was a fruitless expenditure due to non- completion of above mentioned consultancy work in due period. Despite that a Procurement decision had been taken on 23rd February 2022 to pay balance payment without completing the assignment.		Action should be taken to recover the payment.

- A total sum of Rs.4.93 million had No comments have been (b) been paid for preparing LAPDPs by the North Central Province, Northern Province and relevant Local Authorities up to 31 December 2020. However, it was observed that as an idle expenditure due to failure to select highest prioritized sub projects to prepare LAPDPs by the relevant Local Authorities.
- It is indicated that money should not No comments have been (c) be released for the projects mentioned in section 2.9 of the project operation manual when releasing money for local authorities. However, an amount of Rs.105 million had been released in the 4 provinces for 58 projects by 31 December 2022 that should be disposed as in that way.
- (d) The Regional Assistance Project aims to strengthen the capacity of local authorities to provide services to communities in a responsive and responsible manner and to support the development of economic infrastructure in participating provinces and the basic and performance transfers are given only to local authorities according to the loan agreement. But, it was observed in the audit that basic transfers and performance transfers of Rs.118 million had been given as advance contrary to the provisions of the loan agreement and Rs.13 million had been spent as at 31 December 2022.

given

Sub project should be selected as per guidance in loan agreement.

given

Action should be taken as per the provisions of the project operations manual.

given

Development No comments have been Action should be taken as per the provisions of the project operations manual.

3.4 System and Controls

No	Audit Issues	Responses of the Management	Auditor's Recommendations
(a)	As per Article (c) of Schedule 02 of Loan Agreement action had not been taken to sign agreements with 04 Provincial Councils.	Resources Department Agreement will be signed with Provincial	Action should be taken to sign the agreements.
(b)	Evidence had not been submitted to the audit to confirm whether the Annual budget & work plan for year 2022 was obtained approval from Steering Committee as per Article E of Schedule 02 of Loan Agreement,	Work plan and budget had been submitted to steering committee.	Action should be taken to prepare & get approval for Budget and Action Plan from the Steering Committee.
(c)	The expenditure of Rs.1.7 million relating to prior to the commencement of the project had been accounted under the project expenditure.	No comments have been given.	Action should be taken to recover the amount of Rs.1.7 million.