Trincomalee power Company Limited - 2018/2019

1.1 Opinion

The audit of the financial statements of Trincomalee Power Company Limited ("Company") for the year ended 31 March 2019 comprising the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2019 and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, was carried out under my direction in pursuance of provisions in Article 154(1) of the Constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka read in conjunction with provisions of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018. My comments and observations which I consider should be report to Parliament appear in this report. To carry out this audit I was assisted by a firm of Chartered Accountants in public practice.

In my opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2019, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards.

Emphasis of Matter

I draw attention to Note 4 to these financial statements, which states that the Company ceased development activities of the Sampur coal power plant during the financial year 2016. However, further the management believes that the company will continue for the foreseeable future as the Cabinet approval has now been received to set up a 50 MW solar power plant and a 500 MW LNG power plant. However, any improvement in respect of the development activities of the above power plants had not been carried-out even as at the end of year under review.

1.2 Basis for Opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). My responsibilities, under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

1.3 Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

As per Section 16(1) of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018, the Company is required to maintain proper books and records of all its income, expenditure, assets and liabilities, to enable annual and periodic financial statements to be prepared of the Company.

1.4 Audit Scope

My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's

report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

The scope of the audit also extended to examine as far as possible, and as far as necessary the following;

- Whether the organization, systems, procedures, books, records and other documents have been properly and adequately designed from the point of view of the presentation of information to enable a continuous evaluation of the activities of the Company, and whether such systems, procedures, books, records and other documents are in effective operation;
- Whether the Company has complied with applicable written law, or other general or special directions issued by the governing body of the Company;
- Whether the Company has performed according to its powers, functions and duties; and
- Whether the resources of the Company had been procured and utilized economically, efficiently and effectively within the time frames and in compliance with the applicable laws.

2. Financial Review

2.1 Financial Result

The operating result of the year under review amounted to a pre-tax net loss of Rs.14,839,412 and the corresponding pre-tax net loss in the preceding year amounted to Rs.348,951,634. Therefore, a decrease of loss amounting to Rs. 334,112,222 of the financial result was observed. Written off the capital work in progress amounting to Rs.343,915,606 against the statement of comprehensive income of the preceding year was the main reason for this favorable position in the loss.

3. Operational Review

3.1 Operational Inefficiencies

Audit Issue	Management Comment	Recommendation
Construction of Chain Link Fence had	Management Comment	Actions should be
been awarded to Ruhunu Development	O	taken to get
contractors & Engineers (Private) Limited		completed the
on 14 August 2015 at a contract value of		construction works

Rs.48,282,120 and the contract period was six (06) months. The initial completion date of the construction was 13 February 2016. Even though the Company had given eleven (11) extension up to 31 May 2018 to complete the construction works, the physical progress was only 98 per cent as at the date of this report.

as per the contract the agreement.

3.2 Human Resources Management

The Company had not recruited staff internally as there were no any operations by the end of the year. There were particular posts to be existed according to the Article of Association and Joint Venture Agreement. Other three officers were outsourced for accounting office work and site supervision. Then Scheme of Recruitment had not been prepared.

4. Accountability and Good Governance

4.1 Tabling the Annual Report

Audit Issue	Management Comment	Recommendation
Annual report had not been tabled in the	Management Comment	Actions should be
parliament for the year 2016/2017 and	had not been received.	taken to table the
2017/2018 as per the Public Enterprise		annual reports in the
Circular No. PED/12 dated 02 June		parliament as
2003.		required by the
		Circular.

4.2 Corporate Plan and Annual Action Plan

Audit Issue	Management Comment	Recommendation
A Corporate Plan and Annual action plan had not been prepared by the Company as per the Public Enterprise Circular No.PED/12 dated 02 June 2003.		· ·
		Circular.

4.3 Internal Audit

Audit Issue Management Comment Recommendation

An internal audit division had not been established and internal audit division of the Ministry had also not carried out audit of the affairs of the Company for the year under review. Management Comment had not been received.

It is required to do internal audit of affairs of the Company by establishing separate internal audit division or by the Internal audit division of the Ministry.

4.4 Budgetary Control

Audit Issue	Management Comment	Recommendation
Annual budget had not been prepared for the year under review.	· ·	The management of the Company should take action to prepare annual budget for the Company in future.