

Lunugala Pradeshiya Sabha 2021

1. Financial Statements

1.1 Qualified Opinion

The audit of the financial statements of Lunugala Pradeshiya Sabha including the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 comprising the Statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, Statement of Financial Operations for the year ending on that date, Cash Flow Statement and significant accounting policies and other explanatory information was carried out, under my direction in pursuance of provisions in Article 154(1) of the constitution of the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka which should be read in conjunction with Sub-Section 172 (1) of the Pradeshiya Sabha Act No. 15 of 1987 and the provisions of the Audit Act No. 19 of 2018. My comments and observations which I consider should be reported to the parliament are appeared in this report.

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matters described in paragraph 1.6 of this report, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Lunugala Pradeshiya Sabha as at 31 December 2021, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Generally accepted Accounting Principles.

1.2 Basis for Qualified Opinion

My opinion is qualified on the matters described in paragraph 1.6 of this report.

I conducted my audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards (SLAuSs). My responsibilities, under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my qualified opinion.

1.3 Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Generally accepted Accounting Principles, and for such internal control as management determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing Pradeshiya Sabha's financial reporting process.

As per Section 16(1) of the National Audit Act No. 19 of 2018, Pradeshiya Sabha is required to maintain proper books and records of all its income, expenditure, assets and liabilities, to enable preparing annual and periodic financial statements.

1.4 Audit Scope (Responsibility of the Auditor for the audit of Financial Statements)

My objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards, I exercised professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of its internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

The scope of the audit also extended to examine as far as possible and as far as necessary the following;

- Whether the organization, systems, procedures, books, records and other documents have been properly and adequately designed from the point of view of the presentation of information to enable a continuous evaluation of the activities of the Pradeshiya Sabha and whether such systems, procedures, books, records and other documents are in effective operation;
- Whether the Pradeshiya Sabha has complied with applicable written law, or other general or special directions issued by the governing body of the Pradeshiya Sabha.
- Whether it has performed according to its powers, functions and duties; and
- Whether the resources of the Pradeshiya Sabha had been procured and utilized economically, efficiently and effectively within the time frames and in compliance with the applicable laws.

1.5 Report on Other Legal Requirements

Special provisions regarding following requirements are included in National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018.

- (a) In terms of section 6 (1) d (iii) of National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018, the financial statements of Pradeshiya Sabha are consistent with the preceding year.
- (b) In terms of section 6 (1) d (iv) of National Audit Act, No. 19 of 2018, the recommendations made by me on the financial statements of the preceding year had been implemented.

1.6 Audit Observations on the preparation of Financial Statements

1.6.1 Accounting Deficiencies

Audit Observation -----	Comments of the Council -----	Recommendation -----
(a) Although the arrears of stamp fee income as at 31 December of the year under review had been Rs. 1,025,242 as per the corresponding reports, it had been understated as Rs. 571,637 by 453,606, and as a result of that operational excess and current assets had been understated by that amount.	It has been mentioned that It would be rectified in the preparation of financial statements for next year.	Accounts should be correctly prepared.
(b) Although the arrears of shop rents of the shops, which had been rented only for one year, had been Rs. 2,441,036 as at 31 December of the year under review, it had been understated as Rs. 2,024,792 by Rs. 416,244, and as a result of that current assets in the statement of financial position and accumulated fund had been understated by that amount.		
(c) Although the court fine income of the year under review had been Rs. 4,810,510 as per the corresponding reports, it had been overstated as Rs. 7,608,922 by Rs. 2,798,412, and as a result of that operational excess and current assets had been overstated by that amount.		

1.6.2 Unreconciliations

Audit Observation	Comments of the Council	Recommendation
As at 31 December of the year under review, there has been a difference amounting to Rs. 10,397,857 between the balance of 02 account items in the financial statements and the related corresponding reports.	It has been mentioned that the error on not submitting of corresponding reports of constructions implemented by line ministry and the error in reconciliation of salary & wages account would be rectified.	Accounts should be correctly prepared.

2. Financial Review

2.1 Financial Result

According to the Financial Statements presented, excess of revenue over recurrent expenditure of the Sabha for the year under review had been Rs. 10,101,431 as compared with the excess of recurrent expenditure over revenue amounted to Rs. 4,245,734 in the preceding year.

2.2 Revenue Administration Performance in Revenue Collection

Audit Observation	Comments of the Council	Recommendation
Arrears of shop rents from the year 2018 amounting to Rs. 3,315,155 from 57 shops, which were located in public market, in front of the bus stand, upper and lower floors, Madulsima town and Gallulla area, had not been collected in the year under review.	It has been mentioned that action would be taken to recover the arrears of shop rents.	Action should be taken to recover the arrears of shop rents.

3. Operational Review

Matters revealed with regard to fulfilling regulation and control and administration of public health, public utility services and public roads, generally with the protection and promotion of the comfort, convenience and welfare of the people and amenities by the sabha under Section 3 of the Pradeshiya Sabha Act are shown below.

Solid Waste Management

Audit Observation	Comments of the Council	Recommendation
<p>Pradeshiya sabha had acquired a land located in Suriyagoda area from Forrest department in the year 2017 for building a waste yard, and 2 waste yards and compost store rooms had been built and a compost machine had been purchased at a cost of Rs. 6,383,675 using the provisions of ministry of provincial councils and local governments. As action had not been taken to obtain three-phase electricity connection for this building until 06 July 2022, the project could not be implemented, and about 42 tons of annually collected solid wastes had been piled improperly using a tractor, a handcart and 09 employees.</p>	<p>It has been mentioned that requests had been made to the electricity board to obtain three-phase electricity.</p>	<p>Waste should disposed of in a proper manner.</p>